建國補習班 學士後中醫第一回模擬考試題

科目:英文 考試時間:八十分鐘

一、單字測驗:15%
1.Law libraries to magazines that would probably bore the socks off a veterinarian.
(A) ascribe (B) subscribe (C) prescibe (D) inscribe
2.Libraries provide the depository for the [accumulated] wisdom of previous generations.
(A) advanced (B) useful (C) necessary (D) amassed
3.A thesauraus [provides] fast relief when you just can't think of the word you want.
(A) prevents (B) alleviates (C) supplies (D) abandons
4.He was concerned that it would either [jeopardize] my marriage or disrupt my business
efficiency.
(A) determine (B) destroy (C) endanger (D) prevalent
5.Dorothy Crowfoot-Hodgkin the molecular structure of penicilin and other substances
(A) resists (B) advances (C) rewards (D) determines
6.He was in [despair].
(A) poor health (B) a sad state of mind (C) financial trouble (D) in anguish
7.It is probably only [insomnia].
(A) a serious illness (B) severe nervous depression (C) the inability to sleep
(D) a spicy Spanish food
8.Dogs have been [domesticated] by human beings for thousands of years.
(A) ridden (B) eaten (C) caged (D) tamed
9. The traditional Chinese father had a role in the family and he was the one who made
most of the decisions in the house.
(A) sinister (B) dominant (C) desperate (D) droll
10.His child was [abducted] yesterday.
(A) guiped (B) enticed (C) kidnapped (D) allured
11. The ruler [abdicated] himself from the government.
(A) prescribed (B) devoted (C) habituated (D) renounced
12.Trade with the Arabian countries was [interdicted] by the government.
(A) mandated (B) oppressed (C) maintained (D) prohibited
13. The Germans launched an invasion with the [concurrent] occupation of other towns.
(A) simulataneous (B) progressive (C) digressive (D) rambling
14. The host has shown a [cordial] regard for his visitor's comfort.
(A) strange (B) hearty (C) ultimate (D) exclusive

15.We all travel together passengers on a little spaceship, dependent on its [vulnerable] supplies of air and soil.
(A) fragile (B) fertile (C) annual (D) serious
二、句型測驗:20%
1.Japanese from the high-carbohydrate Pacific to high-fat America have a greater risk of heart disease.(A) immigrate (B) immigrating (C) immigrated (D) to be immigrating
2. Fish oil is beneficial lowers blood pressure, cholesterol and the blood's capacity to clot. (A) in that (B) in that which (C) in that it (D) that
3.Barbara McClintock has won the 1983 Nobel Prize Medicine.
(A) in (B) for (C) to (D) with
4. Had they not helped him, he able to finish his work on time.
(A) cannot have been (B) has not been (C) could not have been (D) had not been
5. The doctor insisted that his patient the medicine.
(A) take (B) takes (C) to take (D) taking
6.Tom suggested that Daisy given another chance.
(A) was (B) were (C) be (D) is
7.I didn't go to the party, but I do wish I there.
(A) was (B) were (C) had been (D) went
8. The old man liked to because he was deaf.
(A) sat lately (B) sit late (C) sat late (D) seat late
9.All the dinner before they finished the conversation.
(A) had been eaten (B) are eaten (C) has eaten (D) were eaten
10.The sun in the east, now it is setting.
(A) is rising (B) rose (C) rises (D) has risen
三、挑錯:20%
1. Imagine my surprise when I saw one man in the car pulled out a pocket book and begin to read.
A B C D
2. Brooklyn, New York, <u>had</u> a population <u>of about 23,000</u> when it <u>becomes</u> a city <u>in</u> 1834.
A B C D
3. By the time Neil Armstrong and Edwin Aldrin, Jr. walked on the Moon in July 1969, there
A B
will have been many space expeditions.
C D
4. She wishes that we <u>didn't send</u> her <u>the</u> candy yesterday <u>because</u> she's <u>on</u> a diet.
A B C D

5. He <u>talks</u> about London as if he <u>has been</u> there before.	
A B C D	
6. I did not know where this world began and where it ended, where was the center of it, or	
A B C	
if there was a center.	
D	
7. When I reached to the library on the third floor, I found that it was closed.	
A B C D	
8. The National Air and Space Museum, which opened in 1976, had a million visitors in the fin	<u>st</u>
A B	C
twenty-five days, and 9.7 million visiotrs <u>came</u> there in the first year.	
D	
9. The first postage stamps, issued in 1840, <u>costed</u> one penny, <u>which was actually quite</u> a lot of	<u>f</u>
A B C	D
money.	
10. <u>Flower</u> have long been <u>cultivated</u> and bred for <u>their</u> beauty and their <u>fragrance</u> .	
A B C D	
四、閱讀測驗:36%	
Few can deny the strange coincidence in the deaths of John F. Kennedy and Abraham	
Lincoln. For example, Kennedy was elected in 1960 while Lincoln assuned the Presidency in 1	860.
Both men were assassinated from behind, on Friday, and in the presence of their wives. The two	С
men were born exactly one hundred years apart as were their assassins, Lee Harbey Oswald an	ıd
John wilkes Booth. Perhaps the strangest coincidence is that Kennedy's secretary, whose name	was
Lincoln, advised him not to go to Dallas where he was shot. Lincoln's secretary, whose name w	as
Kennedy, advised him not to go to the Ford Theater where he met his death.	
1. Which sentence best expresses the main idea ?	
(A) These are strange coincidences in the deaths of John F. Kennedy and Abraham Lincoln	
(B) Both men were assasssinated from behind, on Friday, in the presence of their wives.	
(C) The two men were born exactly one hundred years apart as were their assassins, Lee	
Harvey Oswald and John Wilkes Booth.	
(D) Lincoln's secretary, whose name was Kennedy, advised him not to go to The Ford The	ater
where he met his death.	
2.In many ways, the circumstances surrounding the two deaths are	
(A) mysterious (B) similar (C) controversial (D) unrelated	

- 3. Which statement expresses the central idea?
 - (A) Fame is something which must be won, honor is only something which must not be lost.
 - (B) The course of life is like the sea, men come and go, tides rise and fall.
 - (C) You will be enlightened when listening to both sides, you will be benightened when heeding one side only.
 - (D) It is inevitable for a man to die one way or another.

On November 24, 1988 a 16-year-old boy with a clean criminal record was strip-searched and sentenced to 25 days in jail for possessing cigarettes while visiting his grandparents in Idaho. He spent one night in jail before his grandparents paid his fine. "I just can't believe this," Jack Larsen 16, said late Tuesday night, shortly before being released from the Kootenai County Jail. "Twenty-five days in here for smoking? I was so scared that I didn't sleep at all last night."

"I knew I wasn't old enough to smoke, " he said. "But I thought I'd just get a small fine. This is so tough here. They even stripsearched me."

Larsen was released to his grandparents after they borrowed \$126.50 to pay his fine. The boy lives in Spokane, Washington, with his father.

"We live on \$600 of social Security a month," said the boy's grandfather. "But I don't think we can bear leaving him in jail for somthing like smoking."

In Idaho, possession of tabacco is illegal for those under 18. Jack has learned a big lesson from this incident.

4.Jack Larsen was arrested and imprisoned because
(A) he smoked illegally (B) he sold tobacco illegally (C) he was strip-searched
(D) he was fined for smoking
5. How log was Jack actually in jail ?
(A) One night (B) Three days (C) One week (D) Twenty-five days
6. How did Jack describe his experience in jail ?
(A) He was so excited as to call his father.
(B) He was too frightened to get any sleep.
(C) He was so worried that he called his grandparents.
(D) It was a fantastic experience that he would never forget.
7. Had Jack committed any kind of crime before ?
(A) Yes. Illegal possession of tobacco. (B) No, not at all.
(C) Yes, when he was in Washington. (D) The information is not given.
8. According to the law in Idaho, nobody is allowed to smoke until he is over years old.
(A) 16 (B) 18 (C) 20 (D) 25

It is a strong belief among certain groups of people that the medical community should take every possible step to keep a person alive, without regard for the quality of that person's life. But other people argue just as strongly that patients who are facing a life of pain and incumberance on others have the right to decide for themselves whether or not to continue with life-prolonging medications and therapies.

The question, however, is really far more difficult than just the issue of a terminally ill patient of sound mind who directs the physician not to continue with any treatment that does not in any way cure the disease but only helps to draw out a painful death. When the quality of life has disintegrated, when there is no hope of reprieve, when there is intense and everpresent pain, does the patient have the right to be put to death? The patient in this case is not asking the physician to discontinue treatment but instead is requesting the physician, the supposed protector of life, to purposefully bring a life to a close.

- 9. With what subject is the passage mainly concerned?
 - (A) Community life (B) Ways to prolong life (C) The right to die
 - (D) The role of the physician
- 10. The phrase "medical community" means
 - (A) the area around a hospital (B) medicines and therapies (C) doctors and nurses
 - (D) medical journals
- 11. "However", as it is used in the first sentence of the second paragraph, could best be replaced by which of the following?
 - (A) On the contrary (B) Thus (C) in effect (D) Certainly
- 12. In what situation does the author suggest that a patient might have the right to be put to death?
 - (A) When the patient is of sound mind
 - (B) When pain has disintegrated
 - (C) At the request of the physician
 - (D) When the patient is facing great pain and inevitable death
- 13. Which of the following statements best applies to the idea presented in the passage?
 - (A) The question of a patient's right to die is rerely faced by physicians.
 - (B) The author firmly states his opinion on the right to die.
 - (C) All people are in agreement as to a patient's right to die.
 - (D) Putting a patient to death is more serious than allowing a patient to die.

Human environmental interference has halted the approach of a new ice age and will mean a warmer global climate, a local researcher has said. Among the possible consequences, Professor David G. Bridges believes, will be a shrinking of the Great Lakes and inland waters, a northward shift of the agricultural belt into the Canada, and a melting of glacial ice that could raise ocean levels. A future increase of atmospheric carbon dioxide, caused by the burning of coal, oil, and gas,

will be an overwhelming weather influence. The effect of this use of fossil fuels will be a drier Midwest climate with drastic effects on agriculture, commerce, and recreation. "After overpopulation and the shortage of food, this is probably the most serious problem mankind faces," Professor Bridges said.

14. The main topic of this passage is the
(A) world's changing climate (B) approaching ice age (C) shrinking of the Great Lakes
(D) shifting of the Canadian agriculture belt
15. A possible result of the interference may be the
(A) raising of the levels of the Great Lakes and inland waters. (B) shrinking oceans
(C) movement of farming areas to the north (D) increase of glacial ice
16. Professor bridges believes that the interference is due to
(A) new agricultural methods (B) the recent increase in temperature
(C) less carbon dioxide in the air (D) the burning of coal, oil, and gas
17. According to the passage, the entire earth's climate should
(A) become much cooler (B) grow somewhat warmer (C) remain the same
(D) change only slightly
18. Who or what is primarily responsible for the interference ?
(A) Researchers (B) Mankind (C) The new ice age (D) A drier climate

五、Translate the following into appropriate Chinese: 9%

1.Primitive man must have found nature singularly puzzling and intricate. The simplest phenomena could be trusted to reoccur indefinitely: an unsupported body invariably fell, a stone thrown into water sank, while a piece of wood floated. Yet other more complicated phenomena showed no such uniformity The lighteningstruck one tree in the grove while its neighbor of similar growth and equal size escaped unharmed; one month the new moon brought fair weather, the next month foul.

解答

一、單字測驗:

1. (B) 2. (D) 3. (C) 4. (C) 5. (D) 6. (B) 7. (C) 8. (D) 9. (B) 10. (C)

11. (D) 12. (D) 13. (A) 14. (B) 15. (A)

二、句型測驗:

1. (B) 2. (C) 3. (B) 4. (C) 5. (A) 6. (C) 7. (C) 8. (B) 9. (A) 10. (B)

三、挑錯:

1. (C) 2. (C) 3. (C) 4. (A) 5. (D) 6. (C) 7. (A) 8. (D) 9. (A) 10. (A)

四、閱讀測驗:

1. (A) 2. (B) 3. (B) 4. (A) 5. (A) 6. (B) 7. (B) 8. (B) 9. (C) 10. (C)

11. (A) 12. (D) 13. (B) 14. (A) 15. (C) 16. (D) 17. (B) 18. (B)