

# 九十六學年度私立醫學校院聯合招考轉學生考試

英文科試題

本試題共五頁：第一頁

(如有缺頁或毀損，應立即舉手請監試人員補發)

注意  
事項

- 一、本試題共 50 題，皆為單選題，每題 2 分，共計 100 分，每題答錯倒扣 0.7 分；不作答不計分。  
二、答題依題號順序劃記在答案卡上，寫在試題紙上無效；答案卡限用 **2B** 鉛筆劃記，若未按規定劃記，致電腦無法讀取者，考生自行負責。

## 一、字彙(1~12，選出最適當選項)

1. She felt a sense of \_\_\_\_\_ when she finished her first novel.  
(A) failure (B) achievement (C) instrument (D) government
2. The baby is \_\_\_\_\_ a high fever. Let's call the doctor.  
(A) making (B) has (C) running (D) giving
3. Martin \_\_\_\_\_ us by playing the guitar.  
(A) glimpsed (B) entertained (C) portrayed (D) blended
4. When she went to the audition, she believed that she would win the starring role in the movie; unfortunately, her dream was merely an \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) allusion (B) conclusion (C) occlusion (D) illusion
5. Your metabolic rate is the speed at which your body \_\_\_\_\_ food into energy.  
(A) transforms (B) transports (C) transcends (D) transcribes
6. Dentists tell us that we need only simple dental \_\_\_\_\_, i.e. regular, correct use of a soft toothbrush and of dental floss, to keep our breath fresh.  
(A) requirement (B) treatment (C) hygiene (D) compulsion
7. When I reflect on the happy memories of my childhood, I am overcome by a wave of \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) nomination (B) nostalgia (C) nuisance (D) impasse
8. Mosquitoes like warm air, and they breed in water. And it stands to reason that the bugs would \_\_\_\_\_ in a world that is getting warmer and warmer. Much of Africa lives with malaria all year, and climate change would even make it worse.  
(A) fabricate (B) feign (C) flourish (D) flush
9. Global warming is now a reality that even die-hard \_\_\_\_\_ struggle to dispute. A research institution predicts temperature will rise 4 degree Celsius or more by the end of the century. Clearly, prompt action to limit CO<sub>2</sub> emission is needed.  
(A) skeptics (B) lobbyists (C) commissioners (D) committees
10. Because the water there is \_\_\_\_\_, the area has been evacuated based on an official decree.  
(A) purified (B) diverted (C) predicted (D) contaminated
11. He lived the life of \_\_\_\_\_, for he abhorred self-indulgence and luxury.  
(A) rationalization (B) ennui (C) wantonness (D) ascetic
12. During the long period of \_\_\_\_\_, the farmers had to irrigate their crops.  
(A) famine (B) drought (C) chaos (D) turmoil

## 二、選出與劃底線部份意義最接近的選項(13~23 題)

13. In recent years, IKEA has become synonymous with practical, stylish furniture that is relatively inexpensive.  
(A) identical (B) cheap (C) popular (D) intrigued

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14. The country was plunged into economic chaos after the earthquake.  
(A) organization (B) disorder (C) decline (D) hesitation
15. Tom's leg injury hampered his ability to run well.  
(A) impacted (B) impeded (C) supplied (D) demanded
16. Although the utter absence of wealth can breed misery, having it does not guarantee happiness.  
(A) absolute (B) abstract (C) abstain (D) absolve
17. The desire to be happy and to avoid suffering knows no boundaries.  
(A) interest (B) reasons (C) fulfillment (D) limits
18. With more women being assertive and seeking out egalitarian relationships with males, human interactions are changing.  
(A) illegal (B) equal (C) certain (D) opposite
19. Some turn to alternative medicine out of curiosity, others out of desperation.  
(A) hopelessness (B) careful thought (C) lack of ability (D) fear
20. Pine nuts were a staple food in the Pueblo Indians' diet.  
(A) popular (B) basic (C) unusual (D) frequent
21. The merging of the different languages gave birth to Old English.  
(A) crossing (B) confusion (C) blending (D) complication
22. Because Doctors Without Borders is not tied to a government, it can live up to his ideals.  
(A) achieve (B) admire (C) investigate (D) save
23. Archeologists believe that an earthquake anteceded the fire.  
(A) caused (B) happened after (C) happened before (D) worked against

### 三、語法與用法(24~35 題，選出最適當選項)

24. "Here we are!" cried the tour guide, \_\_\_\_\_ along in front of the group.  
(A) to trot (B) to trotting (C) trot (D) trotting
25. "Why did Professor Lin punish Helen?"  
"He \_\_\_\_\_ in the examination."  
(A) caught her to be cheating (B) catches her cheating (C) caught her cheating (D) caught her to cheat
26. "What will happen if he gets worse?"  
"That might lead to \_\_\_\_\_ into a hospital."  
(A) his being put (B) his putting (C) put him (D) him put
27. "Did you really stop smoking two months ago?"  
"Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_ smoking for two months."  
(A) had not been (B) was not (C) have not been (D) have not been being

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28. "Why didn't you bring me a piece of cake too?"  
"\_\_\_\_\_ me, I would have gotten you one."  
(A) You asked (B) Had you asked (C) Asking (D) If you have asked
29. "Is he usually so generous?"  
"Oh, no, sir; hardly ever \_\_\_\_\_ so generous before."  
(A) has he been (B) is he (C) he has been (D) he was
30. When do we pay for the dinner dance?  
(A) Everybody have to pay in advance. (B) Everybody must to pay in advance.  
(C) Everybody has to pay in advance. (D) Everybody must have to pay in advance.
31. How big is your home town?  
(A) Compared with New York, my home town is very small.  
(B) Comparing with New York, my home town is very small.  
(C) Compare with New York, my home town is very small.  
(D) Comparison with New York, my home town is very small.
32. A tariff is customarily collected on goods \_\_\_\_\_ into a country.  
(A) came (B) come (C) coming (D) having come
33. The life span of a sunfish is short, \_\_\_\_\_ ten years old.  
(A) seldom more than (B) more seldom than (C) more than seldom (D) seldom than more
34. Ben asked Kathy \_\_\_\_\_ a new bicycle  
(A) whether she had bought (B) that she bought  
(C) if she buys (D) whether she had been bought
35. \_\_\_\_\_ Wang Chien-Ming pitches, whether it's a live telecast or a rerun, Taiwan ditches its political woes and personal cares to cheer Chien-Ming.  
(A) Whatever (B) Whoever (C) Whenever (D) Wherever

## 四、短文閱讀測驗(36~50 題)

### Passage #1

Clara Louise Maass was a nurse who contributed to the research on yellow fever at the turn of century. She was working as a civilian nurse in Cuba, where army Majors William Gorgas and Walter Reed were conducting experiments to isolate the cause of the disease. Test ruled out dirt and poor sanitation as cause of yellow fever, and a mosquito was the suspected carrier. Clara was among the group who volunteered to be bitten by the insect. She contracted the disease and died on August 24, 1901. She was the only woman to participate in the experiment and among the few volunteers to die from it. With her death, the study ended; the results of the experiment provided conclusive evidence that mosquitoes were the source of the disease.

36. It can be inferred from the passage that, as a nurse, Maass was  
(A) ambitious. (B) dedicated. (C) inexperienced. (D) overworked.
37. According to the passage, Corgas and Reed had previously looked for the cause of yellow fever by studying  
(A) sanitary conditions. (B) mosquitoes. (C) related diseases. (D) victims of the disease.

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38. It can be inferred from the passage that the research was probably supported by the \_\_\_\_\_.
- (A) hospital                      (B) Army                      (C) volunteers                      (D) researchers
39. Which of the following would be the best title for the passage?
- (A) The life of Clara Louise                      (B) Yellow Fever Patients  
(C) A Heroic Nurse Aids Research                      (D) Life in Cuba in the 1900's

## Passage #2

Hair grows over the whole surface of the human body, except the palms and soles, and grows especially thickly on the head, in the armpits and in the genital area. Your hair color and type are inherited, but your hair's condition may be affected by your overall health, your diet and the environment.

40. If your hair has become generally thin, according to the passage, which of the following may NOT be the cause of your hair loss?
- (A) a prolonged or serious illness                      (B) a crash diet  
(C) pollution in your environment                      (D) your blood type
41. If a baby has blond curls, we can infer from the above passage that
- (A) either one of his parents has blond and curly hair                      (B) he has been fed light-color food  
(C) the baby is sick and pale                      (D) he has too much exposure to the sun
42. Which parts of the human body are hair-free and perspire less?
- (A) the head                      (B) the trunk                      (C) the armpits                      (D) the palms and soles

## Passage #3

One of the most hated and repulsive-looking animals, at least in Africa, is the vulture. Vultures are always the first on the scene when an animal dies. When flying at a great height, their sharp eyes can spot any dying or dead animal from an enormous distance, but despite their great size and powerful beaks, they will not touch prey that shows any sight of life, contenting themselves instead with waiting in the sky until they are sure that life is extinct. Most vultures have naked heads and necks so that there are no feathers to get coated with blood after they have been deep inside the carcass of an animal. The fact that they prey on dead animals may appear sickening to many people. However, were it not for vultures, nature would be littered with corpses, which may spread fatal virus on earth. In the last analysis, all these animal dustmen of the animal world may be evil-smelling, ugly and unlovable. But all of them make a valuable contribution to keeping the world a clean and relatively wholesome place.

43. Which of the following is NOT characteristic of vultures?
- (A) They look repulsive.                      (B) They prey on dead animals.  
(C) They attack dying animals.                      (D) They are big and their beaks are powerful.
44. The phrase "life is extinct" means that \_\_\_\_\_.
- (A) the animal is scared to death                      (B) the animal is endangered  
(C) the animal is threatened by the vulture                      (D) the animal is dead
45. What good do vultures do?
- (A) They hover about dying animals, speeding their death.                      (B) They dust litter on earth.  
(C) They clean up the earth by preying on dead bodies.                      (D) They serve as wholesome food.
46. Which of the following is true?
- (A) Vultures are so aggressive that they can hardly wait for the death of the animals.  
(B) There are no feathers on vultures' necks and heads.  
(C) Vultures litter carcass everywhere on earth.  
(D) Vultures give forth fragrant smell.

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## Passage #4

Recent studies have shown that air inside many homes, office buildings, and schools is full of pollutants: chemicals, mold, bacteria, smoke, and gases. These pollutants are causing a group of unpleasant and dangerous symptoms that experts call “sick building syndrome”. First discovered in 1982, sick building syndrome most often includes symptoms similar to those of the flu (watering eyes, headaches, and so on) and respiratory infections such as tonsillitis, bronchitis, and pneumonia.

47. Which of the follow is NOT a symptom of the “sick building syndrome”?
- (A) watering eyes                      (B) sore throat                      (C) headache                      (D) fractured bones
48. A syndrome is a medical condition that is characterized by
- (A) a particular group of signs and symptoms                      (B) a group of physicians  
(C) a group of musicians                      (D) a group insurance
49. What may have caused a “sick building syndrome”?
- (A) fresh paint on its walls                      (B) cigarette smoke  
(C) bacteria on counters and desks                      (D) all of the above
50. Which of the following is NOT a respiratory infection?
- (A) tonsillitis                      (B) bronchitis                      (C) pneumonia                      (D) stomachache