

九十二學年度私立醫學校院聯合招考轉學生考試

英文科 試題

I、文意字彙 (1-10 題)

- (B)1. You have to make a _____ between women who have to work and women who choose to work.
(A)difference (B)distinction (C)determination (D)discourse
- (B)2. Studies of brain-damage have recently been bolstered by _____ brain scans of living subjects.
(A)depleting (B)sophisticated (C)devastating (D)compelling
- (C)3. The new typewriter has a special _____ that corrects spelling mistakes very easily. Typists will love that !
(A)variety (B)disadvantage (C)device (D)clue
- (B)4. Did you _____ him that we were coming this evening ?
(A)prevent (B>warn (C)announce (D)explain
- (A)5. The government should do everything it can for the _____ of its people.
(A)welfare (B)freight (C)host (D)facility
- (B)6. Since Ben made a _____ to give up smoking, he hasn't smoked a single cigarette.
(A)greatness (B)resolution (C)compliment (D)motivation
- (C)7. To his great _____, his novel was accepted for publication.
(A)flaw (B)fragrant (C)delight (D)regain
- (C)8. How can you be so _____ to his needs; he is, after all, your son.
(A)torpor (B)gummy (C)indifferent (D)valid
- (C)9. To gain _____ to the computer lab, all users must have a valid ID.
(A)interchange (B)usage (C)access (D)procedure
- (D)10. The government spokesman _____ that no matter how much resistance is ahead, the new policy will continue as planned.
(A)confessed (B)confined (C)confided (D)confirmed

II、語法與用法 (11-20 題)

- (A)11. Absolute secrecy is essential. _____, the fewer who are aware of the plan the better.
(A)Consequently (B)Furthermore (C)In contrast (D)Otherwise
- (B)12. There was much rain last year, but there is _____ this year.
(A)many (B)much more (C)much (D)more much
- (C)13. Mild forms of exercise can _____ some of the loss of flexibility that accompanies aging.
(A)be stopped (B)stopping (C)stop (D)to stop
- (A)14. The crane is _____ of the wading birds.
(A)the tallest (B)the tallest that is (C)which is the tallest
(D)which the tallest is
- (C)15. The accident _____ very serious; look at the broken glass here.
(A)might have been (B)should be (C)must have been (D)had been
- (C)16. When _____ in the exhibition, the extraordinarily designed jewelry caught everybody's attention.
(A)to be shown (B)showing (C)shown (D)to show
- (D)17. _____ of a newspaper nor the number of pages in an edition has ever been standardized.
(A)The page size is neither (B)Neither is the page size
(C)The page size, neither (D)Neither the page size
- (D)18. We left the hospital without saying _____.
(A)nothing to someone (B)something to anyone
(C)nothing to somebody (D)anything to anyone
- (C)19. _____ transmission within the hospital we must focus on the sources of transmission and on ventilation.
(A)We must control (B)Controlling (C)To control (D)For control
- (C)20. This isn't an N95 mask _____ what it says on the plastic bag.
(A)although (B)even (C)in spite of (D)on the contrary

III、選出與劃底線部份意義最接近的選項 (21-30 題)

- (B)21. It was impossible for him to make a living by acting.
(A)live without (B)support himself financially (C)have an interesting life
(D)earn interest
- (C)22. When I was cleaning out my desk drawer, I came across this old picture.
(A)looked for (B)ripped (C)found (D)returned
- (D)23. She reads all the fashion magazines to keep up with the times.
(A)enjoy herself (B)waste time (C)spend her leisure time
(D)know what is new
- (A)24. Excuse me, I usually don't strike up a conversation with strangers, but can you tell me what kind of dog that is? I've never seen one like that before.
(A)begin (B)end (C)continue (D)complement
- (C)25. Competition is a source of pressure for sales.
(A)authority (B)punishment (C)rivalry (D)maintenance
- (D)26. Sharp forks are not suitable for small children.
(A)absurd (B)financial (C)humorous (D)appropriate
- (C)27. Until a way is found to contain the virus, our cities will be affected.
(A)compromise (B)legislature (C)means (D)factory
- (C)28. Since subsequent trials with human subjects are needed, it can take years for a new drug to be approved.
(A)better (B)faster (C)later (D)surer
- (A)29. Diamonds are expensive partly because they are so rare.
(A)scarce (B)abundant (C)variable (D)spontaneous
- (D)30. Scientists are still speculating about the origin of the universe.
(A)denying (B)discussing (C)experimenting (D)thinking

IV、閱讀測驗 (31-50 題)

There are four major categories of colors. Primary colors —red, yellow, and blue—are 31 since they cannot be made 32 mixing together any other colors. Orange, green, and violet are secondary colors, 33 by combining two primary colors. If primary and secondary colors 34 in order around a wheel, tertiary colors are an admixture of one of each kind. In imagining this same color wheel, complementary colors appear opposite each other and are most 35 .

- (B)31.(A)one (B)such (C)that (D)there
- (A)32.(A)by (B)from (C)of (D)with
- (B)33.(A)that are created (B)created (C)that are creating (D)are creating
- (D)34.(A)arrange (B)are arranging (C)that arranged (D)are arranged
- (A)35.(A)dissimilar (B)similar (C)differentiate (D)resemble

Speaking in front of a group is often a terrifying experience, but most of us are asked to make a speech sooner or later. You should be able to speak in front of others—in classrooms, at meetings, or at special events. Planning in advance can help you meet the challenge.

First, research your topic thoroughly. Check the library for facts, quotes, books, and current newspaper and magazine articles on your topic. Get in touch with experts. Write to them, make phone calls, and get interviews to help enrich your material. Learn more than you will use in your speech. That knowledge will help you more than anything.

Now start organizing and writing. Write the main parts of your speech on small index cards, rather than on paper. You should not bore your audience by reading your speech. Your notes on the cards will remind you of the main points you wish to make.

Rehearse your speech in front of a mirror. The more familiar you become with your speech, the more confidently you can deliver it. Consult a dictionary for proper meanings and pronunciations.

Finally, be assured that few speakers escape “butterflies” before making a speech. This feeling is beneficial rather than harmful. The speaker usually does a better job when keyed up.

- (B)36. The author's purpose in writing the article is to _____.
(A)emphasize the importance of making speeches
(B)recommend a plan for making good speeches
(C)suggest topics for speeches (D)tell how to outline a speech
- (C)37. What kind of experience has the author had in making speeches?
(A)speaking at town meetings (B)writing political speeches
(C)The passage does not mention it. (D)speaking at graduation ceremonies
- (D)38. How would the writer advise a speaker to handle nervousness?

- (A) Admit during your speech that you are nervous.
- (B) Read your speech slowly.
- (C) Memorize your speech.
- (D) Accept the fact that all speakers are nervous.

- (A)39. The author's most important advice is to _____.
(A) become an expert on your topic (B) consult a dictionary
(C) use index cards (D) rehearse in front of a mirror
- (B)40. What is NOT included as a possible step to prepare a public speech?
(A) Research topic completely (B) Imitate famous speakers
(C) Write a draft (D) Rehearse the speech

As far back as 700 B.C., man has talked about children being reared by wolves. Romulus and Remus, the legendary twin founders of Rome, were purported to have been cared for by wolves. There is a belief that when a she-wolf loses her **litter**, she seeks a human child to take its place. This seemingly preposterous idea did not become credible until the late 19th century, when a French doctor actually found a naked 10-year-old boy wandering in the woods. He did not walk erect, and could not speak intelligibly or relate to people. He only growled and stared at them. Finally the doctor won the boy's confidence and began to work with him. After many long years of devoted and patient **instruction**, the doctor was able to get the boy to clothe and feed himself, recognize and utter a number of words, and even write letters and form words.

- (B)41. The word "instruction" in the passage can be best replaced by _____.
(A) beating (B) teaching (C) ridiculing (D) singing
- (A)42. The author suggests that _____.
(A) the child was not raised by human beings
(B) the French doctor is the child's father
(C) the child can speak many languages (D) the child was born in 700 B.C.
- (C)43. The word "litter" in the passage could best be replaced by _____.
(A) job (B) money (C) babies (D) husband
- (D)44. Why does the author mention a French doctor in the passage?
(A) The author wants to prove that the French are arrogant people.
(B) Only French doctors make worthwhile contributions to society.
(C) France used to be ruled by the Roman Empire.
(D) He is the one who found a child who had apparently been reared by wolves.
- (B)45. Which of the following sentences best sums up this passage?
(A) Human beings are frequently brought up by wolves.
(B) The idea of children being reared by wolves now has evidence to support it.
(C) Human beings raised by animals are no different from "regular" people.
(D) The idea that children are cared for by wolves is absolutely preposterous.

The government will not suspend business and factory operations to contain the spread of severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS), a high-ranking official said yesterday.

Scholars and representatives from the business sector have been calling for a ten-day suspension of schools, offices, companies, factories and stores so that people will be less likely to have direct contact with SARS patients.

In response to the call, the opposition People First Party announced plans to propose a bill that would authorize a two-week public sector suspension in the hope that the private sector will follow as well.

A spokesman for the Presidential Office ruled out that possibility.

- (C)46. What is this report mainly about?
(A) the symptoms of SARS (B) SARS and its effect on the medical profession
(C) SARS and the government's policy (D) the importance of politics
- (B)47. What is the meaning of "suspend" in the first paragraph?
(A) upgrade (B) stop (C) disinfect (D) exam
- (C)48. What does the People First Party really wish?
(A) a ten-day suspension for all sectors
(B) a fourteen-day suspension for public sectors only
(C) a fourteen-day suspension for public sectors which will prompt private sectors to follow
(D) no suspension at all
- (C)49. What is the meaning of "contain" in the first paragraph?
(A) contemplate (B) contact (C) limit the expansion (D) caution
- (A)50. What is the meaning of "ruled out" in the last paragraph?
(A) eliminated (B) rumored (C) smelled (D) thrilled