

建國補習班 學士後西醫第一回模擬考試題

科目：英文

考試時間：80 分鐘

Vocabulary : Based on the context, choose the one word which is closest in meaning to the underlined word. (20%)

1. Many tourists are attracted to the mountain A – Li by the autumn foliage.  
(A) leaves (B) weather  
(C) festivals (D) harvest
2. No one can be sure if the war is imminent.  
(A) dangerous (B) severe  
(C) about to take place (D) coming to an end
3. Without giving me a notice in advance, the police confiscated my property yesterday.  
(A) donated freely (B) seized by authority  
(C) made up immediately (D) ran into
4. Most composers had not been idolized before they passed away.  
(A) misguided (B) dissatisfied  
(C) reviewed (D) worshipped
5. Some candidates during the election campaigns would look for loopholes in the law in order to win the wanted seats.  
(A) useful sanctions  
(B) unprofitable sections  
(C) ways of evading obligations  
(D) illogical references
6. We found the child reading Li Po' s wonderful account of the marvels of the Yellow River in his poem.  
(A) counting (B) narration  
(C) worth (D) transactions
7. Something about the statesman commands our instant response and deference.  
(A) notice (B) contempt  
(C) approval (D) respect
8. Taiwan is presently establishing an Asia – Pacific Regional Operations Center with a view to becoming Asia' s world business hub.  
(A) center (B) location  
(C) crossroad (D) backyard
9. Current demographic trends, such as the fall in the birth rate, would result in the accelerated economic growth in the long run.  
(A) contemporary (B) worst  
(C) rapid (D) fashionable

10. The mayor has determined to convert those dilapidated buildings into a lively complex of fancy shops.
- (A) empty (B) industrial  
(C) run – down (D) single - story
11. The singer’s illness was aggravated by the sudden change of the temperature early this morning.
- (A) become better (B) worsened  
(C) maltreated (D) conquered
12. Despite his father’s warning, he insists on taking the moonlighting as a means for his business profits.
- (A) avocation (B) making illegal wines  
(C) smuggling (D) salvation
13. Western diplomats in Beijing argue that China’s gerontocrats will be soon replaced in the next few years.
- (A) condemned generals (B) corrupted magistrates  
(C) junior governors (D) senile officials
14. Doctors suggest that the best prescription for success against cancer might be a sanguine personality.
- (A) careful (B) sorrowful  
(C) cheerful (D) colorful
15. The United States Constitution mandates two houses of Congress so that the large states will not be disproportionately represented.
- (A) unequally (B) illegally  
(C) mistakenly (D) suitably
16. My classmate was hoarse from singing many folk songs all day long.
- (A) happy (B) seriously ill  
(C) irritated (D) husky
17. No passengers on the ship are allowed to leave without being guarantined first.
- (A) interviewed on radio  
(B) isolated for medical reasons  
(C) questioned by the police  
(D) fully investigated
18. Dancers exercise regularly, so they have supple bodies.
- (A) aching (B) limber  
(C) thin (D) coarse
19. Ancient actors in Greek theatres were required to mimic human speech as their first assignment prior to actual staging.
- (A) hear (B) overlook  
(C) imitate (D) realize

20. The extreme heat made every student in the classroom quite languid.

- (A) listless (B) lively  
(C) lonely (D) lovely

二、 Grammar (30%)

Each sentence below has four words or phrases underlined. The four underlined parts of the sentence are marked (A), (B), (C), (D). You are to identify the one underlined word or phrase that should be corrected or rewritten.

21. In order to prevent economic recession on a worldwide scale nations must work together.

- (A) (B) (C) (D)

22. The commercial on T.V. shows that the product is attraction, efficient, and safe.

- (A) (B) (C) (D)

23. The ROC government was grateful to the US Congress for their support of a

- (A) (B)

visit by President Lee.

- (C) (D)

24. Compared about other areas, the population density in Taiwan is quite high.

- (A) (B) (C) (D)

25. Scientists never give up any opportunity to experiment new methods in their laboratory.

- (A) (B) (C) (D)

26. Our professors are all enough strict to force us to go upward in our studies.

- (A) (B) (C) (D)

27. Your decisions can be done either today or tomorrow, but no later than tomorrow.

- (A) (B) (C) (D)

28. Classification is a useful approach to the organization of knowledges in the

- (A) (B) (C) (D)

English composition.

The following sentences are incomplete ones. Four words or phrases, marked (A), (B), (C), and (D), are given beneath each sentence. Choose the one word or phrase that best completes the sentence.

29. \_\_\_\_\_ to steel, chromium increases the metal's hardness.

- (A) Stick (B) Next  
(C) Besides (D) Added

30. Flying demands a much greater supply of energy \_\_\_\_\_ other forms of transportation.

- (A) do most than  
(B) most than do  
(C) than do most  
(D) most do than

31. Not until the late 1980' s \_\_\_\_\_ the ban of her people' s visiting the Chinese mainland.
- (A) that Taiwan  
 (B) did Taiwan remove  
 (C) and Taiwan removed  
 (D) when Taiwan removed
32. The confusion of values is one of the major problems \_\_\_\_\_ in the society today.
- (A) which encountering  
 (B) which we encountered  
 (C) which we are encountered  
 (D) which we are encountering
33. \_\_\_\_\_ there yesterday, I' d have bought that house immediately.
- (A) I had been  
 (B) Had I been  
 (C) Were I have  
 (D) I was
34. He failed \_\_\_\_\_ the best of intentions to win the sympathy of his wife.
- (A) with (B) in  
 (C) on (D) under
35. The accountant said that she was attracted \_\_\_\_\_ by the figures on the paper as by the neat script of them.
- (A) much so not (B) so much not  
 (C) not so much (D) much not so

### 三、 Reading Comprehension (30%)

Read the following three passages carefully, and then choose the best answer to each question.

- (1) The family of the late Chinese singer Teresa Teng on May 10 strongly protested the media' s handling of her dead body, including shooting film footage and taking still photographs of her remains with absolute lack of respect for the dead person' s privacy. The footage taken by the Thai television network was released at about 7 p.m. on the night of May 9 by Reuters.
- The controversial footage, which the television networks including the Chinese Television System, the China Television Company and CTN carried in their newscasts two nights ago, showed the covered body being pulled out in the hospital morgue. Then the covering was lifted to show the face.
- Teng' s brother, Teng Chang-hsi, said during a press conference in Chiangmai that the Teng family would take legal action against the violation of the singer' s privacy and disrespect for the dead. He said that the family was not consulted at all before the media was allowed to take pictures and film the remains.

36. What did the family of the late singer Teresa Teng protest ?
- (A) the late report on the singer' s death from the media
  - (B) the fan' s neglect of the singer
  - (C) the violation of the singer' s privacy
  - (D) the disorganized press conference
37. Which medium released the Thai television network' s shooting film footage of Teresa
- (A) Reuters
  - (B) CTN
  - (C) Chinese Television System
  - (D) UPI
38. How did the Teng family react to the media' s handling of the dead singer ?
- (A) they remained silent
  - (B) they would seek friends' support
  - (C) they went to the police
  - (D) they would take legal action

(2) Watching a baby between six and nine months old will help you observe the basic concepts of geometry being learned. Once the baby has mastered the idea that space is three dimensional, it reaches out and begins grasping various kinds of objects. It is then, from perhaps nine to fifteen months, that the concepts of sets and numbers are formed. So far, so good. But now an ominous development takes place. The nerve fibers in the brain insulate themselves in such a way that the baby begins to hear sounds very precisely. Soon it picks up language, and it is then brought into direct communication with adults. From this point on, it is usually downhill all the way for mathematics, because the child now becomes exposed to all the nonsense words and beliefs of the community into which it has been so unfortunate as to have been born. Nature, having done very well by the child to this point, having permitted it the luxury of thinking for itself for eighteen months, now abandons it to the arbitrary conventions and beliefs of society. But at least the child knows something of geometry and numbers, and it will always retain some memory of the early halcyon days, no matter what vicissitudes it may suffer later on. The main reservoir of mathematical talent in any society is thus possessed by children who are about two years old, children who have just learned to speak fluently.

39. What does the passage mainly focus on ?
- (A) The impact of language on mathematics.
  - (B) Children' s ability to learn languages.
  - (C) How basic concepts of physics are learned ?
  - (D) Math-learning strategies for babies.

40. Based on the passage, which of the following activities would teach a baby about geometry ?
- (A) Picking up a wooden block.
  - (B) Recognizing the number 2.
  - (C) Uttering a nonsense word.
  - (D) Looking at distant objects.
41. According to the author, at what age does a child probably begin to learn about sets and numbers ?
- (A) Six months.
  - (B) Nine months.
  - (C) Fifteen months.
  - (D) Eighteen months.
42. The use of the word “ominous” shows that the author believes the child’ s
- (A) linguistic future is threatened.
  - (B) nerves will deteriorate.
  - (C) hearing will suffer.
  - (D) mathematical ability will decline.
43. The passage will reach which of the following conclusions ?
- (A) The language concepts used in early education interfere with mathematical reasoning.
  - (B) It is hopeless to try to teach children mathematics after the age of two.
  - (C) Language teaching should incorporate some mathematical formulas.
  - (D) Preschool education should stress society’ s beliefs and conventions.
44. The author’ s attitude toward early childhood education can best be described as somewhat
- (A) indifferent.
  - (B) compromising.
  - (C) indulgent.
  - (D) cynical.

(3) It is generally understood that a ballad is a song that tells a story, but a folk song is not so easily defined. A ballad is a folk song, but a folk song is a ballad that tells a story. Folk song, then, has come to be the inclusive word, covering many varieties of music. For instance, the chanty, a sailor’ s song of the sea, is a folk song. A spiritual is a religious folk song. The blues, a predominately melancholy type of jazz popular in New Orleans, may be a folk song. In fact, there are folk songs for every occupation –railroading, herding cattle, and so on. To be considered genuine traditional folk songs, they must have oral transmission, continuity, variation, selection.

“One on the Range” illustrates how a popular song may become a folk song. It was first picked up as a folk song in 1910 by John A. Lomax in San Angonio, Texas. Lomax heard the song from an old man who had been a camp cook many years before on the old Chisholm Trail. The song was apparently known all over the Midwest, though it did not come to

national attention until the early 1930' s. Careful research by Kirke Mechem established that a Dr. Brewster Higley wrote the words in 1873 and a Mr. Daniel E, Kelley composed the music. By 1947 “Home on the Range” was so popular that it was adopted as the official state song of Kansas.

45. A folk song is also a ballad when it
- (A) tells a story.
  - (B) has a spiritual theme.
  - (C) Makes the listener feel sad.
  - (D) Covers many varieties of music.
46. According to the author, which of the following is always a folk song ?
- (A) The blues
  - (B) A state song
  - (C) A spiritual
  - (D) Jazz
47. According to the passage, which of the following is NOT true of a folk song ?
- (A) It is initially passed on orally.
  - (B) It has different versions.
  - (C) It may be related to work.
  - (D) It is found only in the western states.
48. The author uses the example of “Home on the Range” to show that folk songs
- (A) always tell a story.
  - (B) are based on written compositions.
  - (C) may come from popular songs.
  - (D) have been adopted as state songs.
49. In what year did John Lomax find “Home on the Range” ?
- (A) 1873
  - (B) 1910
  - (C) 1930
  - (D) 1947
50. The main topic of the passage is the
- (A) variety in folk songs.
  - (B) development of popular music.
  - (C) definition of a ballad.
  - (D) importance of folk songs in American life.

#### 四、Composition ( 20 % )

Write a well-organized and fully-developed composition on the topic “Justice versus

**解答**

- 一、ACBDC BDACC BCDCA DBBCA
- 二、BCBAD BADDC BDBAC CADDD
- 三、CDADA CDCBA