

准考證號碼	:								
			([吉老	生 生	白行	埴	宜)	

共同科目

英文

【注 意 事 項】

- 1. 請先核對考試科目與報考類別是否相符。
- 2. 本試題共 50 題, 每題 2 分, 共 100 分, 答錯不倒扣。
- 3. 本試題均爲單一選擇題,每題都有(A)、(B)、(C)、(D) 四個選項,請選出一個最適當的答案,然後在答案卡上同一題號相對位置方格內,用 2B 鉛筆全部塗黑。
- 4. 請在試題首頁准考證號碼之方格內,填上自己的准考證號碼,考完後將「答案卡」及「試題」一倂繳回。

第1頁 共8頁

	答案,以完成	該句。		
1.		wim, Rosemary felt a lot		
	(A) welfare	(B) wonder	(C) warmth	(D) worry
2.	Herbs and spices	are essential for seasoning	g pasta dishes and pizzas	and improving their flavor.
	(A) plentiful	(B) medical	(C) necessary	(D) enough
3.	According to the	weather forecast, fog and	mist will continue to bla	nket the western areas of
	the island.		\cap	
	(A) seek	(B) cover	(C) increase	(D) trouble
4.	Doctors point out	that the rise in lung canc	ers is a consequence of c	igarette smoking and air
	pollution.		/	
	(A) result	(B) recovery	(C) regret	(D) reduction
5.	Voters for the pres	sidential election respond	ed negatively to the bitte	<u>r</u> exchanges between the
	candidates.			
	(A) mutual	(B) harsh	(C) guilty	(D) neutral
6.	George and Mary	showed up at my house a	a few minutes late. They	were not familiar with my
	neighborhood.			
	(A) cheered	(B) enjoyed	(C) arrived	(D) performed
7.	In some countries	, so few students are acce	epted by the universities	that admission is almost a
	guarantee of a goo	od job upon graduation.		
	(A) response	(B) mystery	(C) horizon	(D) promise
8.	People do not trus	st the information in that	magazine because it is of	ten not .
	(A) athletic	(B) reliable	(C) imaginary	(D) horrible
9.	Amy is so shy tha	at she always feels	when speaki	ng English to the whole class.
	(A) healthy	(B) vivid	(C) relaxed	(D) timid
10	Loss of annetite s	a haadacha a running nos	sa and muscla nain ara th	ne of a
10.	bad cold.	i ficadactic, a rumning flos	se, and muscle pain are the	or a
	(A) symptoms	(B) solutions	(C) structures	(D) stations
11	Emily always	very ha	ed when she studies moth	amatics because it is the
11.	hardest subject for		d when she studies main	chatics occause it is the
	=	(B) prohibits	(C) defines	(D) concentrates
12	The haskathall pla	ovar	20 of his 26 points in the	first half to lead his toom to
14.	-	ver the other team.	20 of his 30 points in the	first half to lead his team to
	(A) kicked	(B) fouled	(C) scored	(D) ranked
	· /	\ \ \ \ - ·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\ \ \ \ 	\ / '

I、字彙題:第1-7題,每題均有一個劃底線的字,請在四個備選字中,選擇一個與劃底線的字意義最接近的答案。第8-15題,請選擇一個最適合的

共 8 頁 第 2 頁

13.	The oldest child in a	family often	quickly, learn	quickly, learning early to take care of his				
	younger brothers an	d sisters.						
	(A) persuades	(B) permits	(C) matures	(D) matters				
14.	Parents like to send	their children to a scho	ol where discipline is just	as important a part of				
	education as the	subject	ets.					
	(A) temporary	(B) academic	(C) exceptional	(D) diligent				
15.	Even in the 21 st cent	cury scientists find it di	fficult to predict such natu	ural as				
	tsunamis and earthq	uakes.						
	(A) disasters	(B) differences	(C) sacrifices	(D) shadows				
II	、對話題:第 16 意義的對話。	- 25 題請依對話內]容選出一個最適當	的答案,使其成爲有				
16.	Jean: Gary spent three	e whole days finishing th	nat report for his boss. He h	as to turn it in this morning.				
	Matthew:							
	Jean: And tired too. He said he was going to take the day off and sleep.							
	(A) I'll bet he's happy that that's done. (B) His boss puts too much pressure on him.							
	(C) If I were him, I'd go out and celebrate. (D) He's lucky his boss likes him.							
17.		Jimmy: It's supposed to rain this weekend.						
	Ray: Just my luck. I'll never get to Hualien if this keeps happening.							
	Jimmy: I thought you went the week before last.							
	Ray: But there was a typhoon.							
	(A) I didn't have tin		(B) I was going to.	π <				
	(C) I like the rainy s	eason.	(D) I did.	_ {				
18.	Emily: This is the be	est party I have been to	all semester.					
	Terry:							
	Emily: What do you mean? Good music and lots of friendly people.							
		only 9:00 and the food	• • •					
	•	ns to be having fun.	_	(B) I've been to better.				
	(C) No one has com	plained.	(D) There's no roon	(D) There's no room to dance.				
19.	Bill: I don't know al Thomas:		e first <i>Harry Potter</i> movie	the best.				
	Bill: What did you think of the special effects?							
	Thomas: They were great too and so real looking.							
	(A) I couldn't agree	more.	(B) I didn't like it th	nat much.				
	(C) I thought it was a little boring. (D) I'm afraid to say so.							

第3頁 共8頁

20.	Julia: What's the best way for me to get to the	he Friendly Inn?						
	Jim:							
	Julia: Why's that?							
	Jim: There's a bus stop just right in front of	it.						
	(A) I'd take the bus if I were you.	(B) So, you would be late for checking in.						
	(C) Well, I prefer the subway to the bus.	(D) Taking a taxi might be fun.						
21.	Andy: Wow! These shoes are so expensive!	I don't want to spend that much money.						
	Tina: Oh, look!							
	Andy: You're right. Those jackets are really nice, and the prices are good, too.							
	(A) I'm glad you like them.							
	(B) We can get a good price if we pay with							
	(C) There are some items on sale over there							
	(D) We have to ask for a discount.							
22.	Mr. Wang: I'd like to check in, please. Clerk:							
	Mr. Wang: Yes, the name is Wang. Peter Wang. It's for two nights.							
	(A) Do you need any help with your bag?							
	(B) Yes, this room has a great view.							
	(C) OK, here are your passport and credit card.							
	(D) Do you have a reservation?							
	(2) 20 904 14.70 6 1002 (410)							
23.	Mary: So you want to go out?							
	Helen: It might be fun. Is there a good movie playing?							
	Mary:							
	Helen: A good one. Either a comedy or a dra	ama.						
	(A) What kind of movie do you want to see?							
	(B) Let's look in the newspaper and find out.							
	(C) What about the new James Bond movie?							
	(D) I'd rather watch TV at home. What do you say?							
24.	Andrew: My older brother will come to visi	t me tomorrow.						
	Richard: Wow! You must be very excited.							
	Andrew: Definitely. I haven't seen him for three years.							
	Richard:							
	Andrew: I decide to take two days off and s	how him around Taipei.						
	(A) Have you ever been there?	(B) When will he arrive?						
	(C) Have you made any plans?	(D) Where does he usually go?						

共 8 頁 第 4 頁

25.	Tommy: Hi, James. Ha	ve you had dinner?						
	James: No, not yet.							
	Tommy: How about go	ing to Burger King?						
	James:	I hate hamburgers and fries.						
	Tommy: Fine, then. Wh	at is your suggestion?						
	James: Why not coming	g over to my place?						
	(A) I'd love to.		(B) I can't wait to go.					
	(C) I'd rather not.		(D) I haven't, either.					
Ш		篇短文共有 15 個空 意,選出一個最適合		,每題有四個選項,				
the wear like instance him eas who	the face to face in a training happen to find the substant conditions, so the ely that the first Englishmance29 sort of jowill not be sure exactly the31 a conversationally. He will learn thing	n? They start talking ab abject <u>26</u> . Most per must be other reason man would like to <u>28</u> be he does and what social <u>30</u> he should behin. He is then likely to firms <u>32</u> from what the	to the weather. It may sople, though, are not personal solutions and to know certain thing all status he has. Without have towards him. What and out certain things about other man says as from the solution of the solutions are other man says as from the solutions are solutions.	o have never met before simply be the case that particularly interested in conversation. It is quite as about the second—for this kind of information the can do is to engage ut the other person quite from how he says it, for tour backgrounds and				
26.	(A) interest	(B) interested	(C) interesting	(D) to be interested				
27.	(A) to	(B) on	(C) for	(D) with				
28.	(A) get	(B) make	(C) send	(D) enjoy				
29.	(A) that	(B) every	(C) other	(D) what				
30.	(A) how	(B) which	(C) who	(D) where				
31.	(A) by	(B) in	(C) on	(D) to				
32.	(A) not only	(B) rather than	(C) in spite of	(D) not so much				
33.	(A) giving	(B) to give	(C) being given	(D) to be given				
tha		tales connected with Chom the old year to the no		f the most widespread is 34 The Chinese do				

not call it New Year but "passing the year" or "getting past the year." Chinese New Year is the most important and popular of Chinese <u>35</u>. Its date is fixed traditionally <u>36</u> the Chinese lunar calendar as the second new moon after the winter solstice. It falls somewhere between January 21

and February 19 on the Gregorian calendar.

第5頁 共8頁

On the last day of the year, final preparations are made __37_ the family's New Year's Eve feast, the highlight of the celebration. Before the meal all doors are sealed with red paper strips to __38_ the entrance of evil, and no one may enter or leave __39_ they are removed shortly before dawn. Red is the special color for good luck on Chinese New Year; all the special things for the New Year are red: cards, lucky money envelopes and paper for writing lucky sayings. After the meal, gifts are exchanged, and at midnight solemn greetings, family celebrations and traditional fireworks __40__. The fireworks, which continue for several days, are intended to keep evil spirits away.

34.	(A) luck	(B) danger	(C) joy	(D) blessing
35.	(A) greetings	(B) businesses	(C) nationalities	(D) festivals
36.	(A) according to	(B) instead of	(C) even so	(D) right after
37.	(A) with	(B) for	(C) by	(D) between
38.	(A) secure	(B) attempt	(C) prevent	(D) guide
39.	(A) until	(B) than	(C) yet	(D) since
40.	(A) break down	(B) make up	(C) put off	(D) take place

IV、閱讀測驗:下面兩篇短文,每篇有5題,爲第41-50題,請閱讀短文後,選出最適當的答案。

Maps are useful tools for anybody who is going somewhere. A map is a flat drawing that shows geographical information about places on the earth. The most widely used map is the road map. These maps show every major road in a country. Road maps of smaller areas, such as a city or county, will sometimes include minor roads as well. Road maps help people find particular streets in a city or the best route to take across the country.

Geographical maps show what type of land a particular area has. You can tell **at a glance** if the area is covered with mountains, plains, swamps, deserts, or water. Fishermen may use these maps to find their way through lakes, gulfs, and oceans. Special geographical maps, called relief maps, make it possible to feel the rise of mountains on the map. Relief maps are not as common as flat maps but they can be helpful in understanding the shape of the land without actually going there.

Political maps show the borders of towns, counties, states, and countries. These maps are usually colorful, making it easy to tell exactly where the borders are. These are the maps often found in social studies or history books.

Not all maps are of land. Museums and large businesses often have maps to help people find the display or office they are looking for. Maps are a great way to plan where you are going and get you there without getting lost.

共 8 頁 第 6 頁

- 41. What does it mean to be able to tell something "at a glance"?
 - (A) Know it a little.

(B) Know it very well.

(C) Know it immediately.

- (D) Know it every time.
- 42. What is the main idea of this story?
 - (A) Road maps help us in many ways.

(B) There are many kinds of maps.

(C) Maps are basic necessities.

(D) Maps are not useful tools.

- 43. What kind of map are students most likely to see in class when discussing where different countries are?
 - (A) Geographical maps.

(B) Road maps.

(C) Museum maps.

- (D) Political maps.
- 44. If you wanted to drive from New York City to Washington, D.C., which kind of map would you use?

(A) Relief map.

(B) Road map.

(C) Political map.

- (D) Geographical map.
- 45. What kind of map would it be impossible to draw on a piece of paper?
 - (A) Geographical map.

(B) Political map.

(C) Road map.

(D) Relief map.

On a grassy field near some famous monuments in Washington, D.C., there are two walls of polished black stone. The two walls meet to form a "V" at a height of 10 feet. Carved on the front of the walls are 57,939 names. They are the names of all the Americans who died in the Vietnam War, or who remain missing. The Vietnam Veterans Memorial was built to honor the men and women who served in the Vietnam War. The loss of American lives in Vietnam first occurred in 1959 and ended in 1975. In 1979, a group of Vietnam veterans decided that those who died in the war should have a monument. The question of how the monument would look was decided by a national competition. A huge number of designs were submitted and the winner was Maya Ying Lin, a 21-year-old architecture student at Yale University.

Maya Ying Lin wanted her design to be a kind of park—a quiet, protected place. She chose polished black granite for the walls. Its mirror-like surface reflects the images of the surrounding trees, lawns, and monuments. Every day, thousands of visitors walk alongside the memorial and read the names. Among the visitors are friends and relatives of the dead or missing. On a bright day, the monument's polished surface not only shows the names of the dead, but also reflects the faces of those who remember them.

46. Where is the Vietnam Veterans Memorial located?

(A) In Vietnam.

(B) At Yale University.

(C) In Washington, D.C.

(D) In a national park.

【背面尚有試題】

第7頁 共8頁

- 47. What is another name for "memorial" as used in the passage?
 - (A) Competition.
- (B) Monument.
- (C) Granite.
- (D) Surface.
- 48. According to the passage, what is the purpose of building the Vietnam Veterans Memorial?
 - (A) To remember people who lived in Vietnam.
 - (B) To welcome Vietnam veterans from several countries.
 - (C) To honor Americans who served in the Vietnam War.
 - (D) To celebrate American victory in the Vietnam War.
- 49. Which of the following titles best describes the main idea of the passage?
 - (A) "The Longest War"

(B) "The Americans in Vietnam"

(C) "A New Memorial"

- (D) "A New Theme Park"
- 50. According to the passage, which of these statements about the memorial is **NOT** true?
 - (A) The walls were built with a width of 10 feet.
 - (B) The walls were carved with nearly 58,000 names.
 - (C) The walls were designed by a university student.
 - (D) The walls have a surface similar to a mirror.



共 8 頁 第 8 頁

九十四學年度技術校院二年制統一入學測驗 標準答案

考科代碼:2-00-E

類 別:共同科

考 科:英文

題號	答案										
1	D	11	D	21	C	31	В	41	C	51	
2	C	12	C	22	D	32	D	42	В	52	
3	В	13	C	23	A	33	A	43	D	53	
4	A	14	В	24	C	34	В	44	В	54	
5	В	15	A	25	C	35	D	45	D	55	
6	C	16	A	26	C	36	A	46	C	56	
7	D	17	В	27	C	37	В	47	В	57	
8	В	18	В	28	A	38	C	48	C	58	
9	D	19	A	29	D	39	A	49	C	59	
10	A	20	A	30	A	40	D	50	A	60	