

英文科試題封面

# 考試開始鈴響前,請勿翻閱本試題!

★考生注意事項:

- 一、除准考證、應考文具及一般手錶外;行動電話、穿戴式裝置及其他物品均須放在臨時置物區。
- 二、請務必確認行動電話已取出電池或關機,行動電話及手錶的鬧鈴功能必須關閉。
- 三、就座後,不可擅自離開座位或與其他考生交談。
- 四、坐定後,雙手離開桌面,確認座位號碼、答案卡號碼與准考證號碼相同,以及抽屜中、桌 椅下或座位旁均無非考試必需用品。如有任何問題,請立即舉手反應。
- 五、考試開始鈴響前,不得翻閱試題本或作答。
- 六、考試全程不得吃東西、喝水及嚼食口香糖。

★作答說明:

- 一、本試題(含封面)共6頁,如有缺頁或毀損,應立即舉手請監試人員補發。
- 二、本試題共50題,皆為單選題,每題2分,共計100分;每題答錯倒扣0.7分,不作答不計分。 三、答題依題號順序劃記在答案卡上,寫在試題本上無效;答案卡限用2B鉛筆劃記,若未按規

定劃記,致電腦無法讀取者,考生自行負責。

四、試題本必須與答案卡一併繳回,不得攜出試場。

## 105 學年度私立醫學校院聯合招考轉學生考試

## 英文科試題

- 、	、字彙 (1~9題,請選擇最	適當的選項;第10題請選出與	具 <u>劃底線</u> 部分意義最接近的選	送項。)
	There's a lot more of coughs (A) precursory	and colds and allergies and asth	mas, which were not so	earlier. D dazzling
	My sister doesn't like to do a (A) tired	dishes because it is a chore B busy	© lazy	D tedious
	There is a need for son (A) pleasing	nething to be done to save the Gr B pressure	reat Wall, the most famous Chi © press	inese architecture.
4. `	With a growing number of _ to settle out of court with th	• •	e DT Food Company was amo	ong the first companies that decided
	(A) sues	(B) lawsuits	© complement	(D) compliment
	Ten climbers on Jade M (A) strode	Mountain (Yushan) during the ba B stranded	d weather were rescued by a h © stroke	elicopter this morning.
		an essential for the position		
	(A) prerequisite	B predicament	© premiere	D prediction
	International interest in the occurrence of heart disease	-	ean diet began in the 1950s, w	when medical doctors started to link
	(A) economical	(B) continuing	© revealing	D therapeutic
		cause his diet doesn't contain the		
	(A) malnutrition	(B) malfunction	© malpractice	D malformation
	It is estimated that is a on health care related to ove		00 deaths in the United States,	and more than \$6.1 billion is spent
	A arthritis	B asthma	© obesity	D allergy
10. ′	The picture-bride system, ac	cording to author Yen Le Espiri	itu, was a form of "arranged r	narriage <u>facilitated</u> by the exchange
	of photographs."		in, in a let a	
	(A) advanced	(B) hindered	© ceased	D deprived
ニ、	、語法與用法 (11~20 題,	請選擇最適當的選項。)		
11.	Although some people	eat insects for food, most people	e never would.	
	(A) voluntary	(B) volunteer	© voluntarily	D vulnerable
12.	Analysts estimate that the B	peing Company over 1,000	aircrafts to China by the end	of next year.
	(A) will have sold	(B) had sold	© have sold	D sales
13.	On this you can: I will	always love you till death do us	part.	
	(A) rest assured	B rest assure	© rest assume	D rest apart
14. ]	Leo many important hi	storical figures during his life, a	nd he looks forward to meetin	g many more.
	(A) met	(B) has met	© has been meeting	D has been met
	The material culture of the Europe.	Paleo-Indians differed little fro	om of other Stone Age	peoples found in Asia, Africa, and
	(A) whom	(B) them	© those	D that
16.	tilted toward the sun, the	he more heat it receives and the l	hotter it is.	
	(A) The earth is most		$\bigcirc$ The earth is more than	D As more as the earth is

•	cientists argue that genetic of , crop varieties that resi	• • •	s the urgent problems of food shortage by
(A) offering	(B) offers	© offered	D offer
18 the promise of the f successes.	ield, and the brilliant people	who work in it, biomimetic	s has led to surprisingly very few business
(A) Because of	(B) Despite	© Because	D Although
19. Marie is one of those pers	ons who enjoy from firs	st to last at the party.	
(A) herself	(B) themselves	© himself	D itself
20. Writers sometimes make 1	references to things outside th	he text, that the reader w	will understand the references.
(A) assume	(B) assumed	© assuming	D have assumed
三、短文填空 (21~35 題,	清選擇最適當的選項。)		
Passage 1			X
A report says thousan	ds of children as young as e	ight are working in <u>21</u> c	onditions on tobacco farms in countries of

A report says thousands of children as young as eight are working in <u>21</u> conditions on tobacco farms in countries of South Asia, putting them <u>22</u> cancer, respiratory problems and nicotine poisoning. However, all the Ministries of Foreign Affairs of these countries have <u>23</u> comment on the report.

21. (A) impending	(B) hazardous	© research	D monitoring
22. (A) in advantage of	(B) at crossroads	© at the power of	D at the risk of
23. A declined to	(B) willed to	© admitted to	D forgot to

#### Passage 2

In the past, there was a stigma associated with homeschooling because it was traditionally for students who had behavioral or learning 24 and could not keep up with the rest of the class. Today, there are many compelling arguments for educating one's children at home. Some of them stem from 25 with the mainstream education system. Teacher shortages and lack of funding mean that, in many schools, one teacher is responsible for 30 or 40 pupils; children are often 26 the attention they need. Bullying and increasing classroom violence have also motivated some parents to remove their children from school. To these parents, homeschooling provides a way for them to monitor their children's education more closely. Children can also choose what and when to study, thus 27 them to learn at their own pace. Advocates of homeschooling point out that homeschooled children do just as well or better than those who are classroom-taught, and a striking number gain 28 to prestigious universities.

24. (A) advantages	(B) performances	© styles	D difficulties
25. (A) dissatisfaction	(B) satisfaction	© understanding	D commitment
26. (A) bequeathed of	(B) deprived of	© supplied with	D satisfied with
27. (A) to enable	(B) enabled	© enabling	D have enabled
28. (A) warrant	(B) certificate	© license	$\mathbb{D}$ admission

#### Passage 3

Nearby Brenham County, schools canceled all classes for Friday <u>29</u> heavy rains and just further north, a "low grade" tornado <u>30</u> parts of Brazos County about 12:30 p.m. Thursday. No one has been reported <u>31</u>, but several buildings suffered roof damage and trees were uprooted, according to the county's emergency management office.

29. A because	(B) in spite of	© due to	D unless
30. (A) ripped through	(B) running into	© managed in	D resulted in
31. A injure	(B) induring	© having injure	D injured

英文科試題

#### Passage 4

When I heard about Professor Duneier's Sociology MOOC, I was excited but also a bit anxious because I had never taken a completely online course before. In 32 of the class, I e-mailed Professor Duneier with many of my questions. He graciously replied, but for him, too, this was going to be a new experience. Knowing this actually helped me to relax a little. One 33 I had about distance learning was that self-motivation and self-discipline would play a 34 role in my success. I knew it would be easy to fall behind because the classes were not going to be at a set time. This turned out to be true. I also knew that learning 35 the internet might also pose other problems.

32. (A) apprehension	(B) collaboration	© anticipation	<b>D</b> assumption
33. (A) anticipation	(B) assumption	© achievement	D disappointment
34. A crucial	(B) virtual	© uncritical	D optional
35. A by	(B) into	© of	D via
四、閱讀測驗 (36~50題,訪	青選擇最適當的選項。)		

#### Passage 1

The invention of the electric telegraph gave birth to the communications industry. Although Samuel B. Morse succeeded in making the invention useful in 1837, it was not until 1843 that the first telegraph line of consequence was constructed. By 1860 more than 50,000 miles of lines connected people east of the Rockies. The following year, San Francisco was added to the network.

The national telegraph network fortified the ties between East and West and contributed to the repaid expansion of the railroads by providing an efficient means to monitor schedules and routes. Furthermore, the extension of the telegraph, combined with the invention of the steam-driven rotary printing press by Richard M. Hoe in 1846, revolutionized the world of journalism. Where the business of news gathering had been dependent upon the mail and on hand-operated presses, the telegraph expanded the amount of information a newspaper could supply and allowed for more timely reporting. The establishment of the Associated Press as a central wire service in 1846 marked the advent of a new era in journalism.

36. According to the passage, how did the telegraph enhance the business of news gathering?

A By monitoring schedules and routes for the railroads	B By expanding the railroads
© By allowing for more timely reporting	<b>D</b> By adding San Francisco to the network

© By allowing for more timely reporting

37. It can be inferred from the passage that \_\_\_\_\_

- (A) Morse's invention did not immediately achieve its full potential
- B Morse did not make a significant contribution to the communications industry
- © the extension of the telegraph was more important than its invention
- D journalists have the Associated Press to thank for the birth of the communications industry
- 38. According to the passage, which of the following is NOT true about the growth of the communications industry?
  - A The telegraph helped connect the entire nation.
  - B People could use the telegraph in San Francisco in 1861.
  - C Morse invented the telegraph in 1837.
  - D The telegraph lead to the invention of the rotary printing press.

#### Passage 2

Globalization is the integration of international trades, products, business ties, cultures and etc. Since the 1970s, more and more countries have opened their markets for each other and helped transform the world economy into a free global market. Based on the World Bank's report, one of its major proponents, economic globalization has reaped many benefits and helped reduce poverty in many developing countries. Globalization advocates claim that economies in developing countries have received many benefits from new opportunities that they can promote their goods worldwide through the internet. Research also

英文科試題

shows that with the integration of local economies into the world economy, there has been a great income increase in twenty four countries with more than three billion people of their population.

However, critics suggest that economic globalization is actually harming the local economy and is widening the gap between the rich and the poor. For instance, with large-scale manufacturers begin to produce the same goods in a more efficient way or when big companies like COSTCO or Carrefour get in the local areas, home-based businesses and small businesses will be crowded out for sure. Moreover, the poor people, the illiterate, unskilled workers, and aboriginal peoples in the developing countries never benefit from the integration of world economy.

Despite the pros and cons of globalization, there seem to be no turning back on this issue. With the advances in technology, we are already living in an interconnected world that allows us to exchange goods and ideas. The real challenge now is to figure out a way to create a fair global market that benefit all.

39. What is the best title for this passage?

A The benefit of globalization for the world as a whole © Globalization, Pros and Cons

B The benefit of globalization in developing countries

**D** The historical origins of globalization

D It allows more job opportunities.

40. According to the World Bank's report, what is the major benefit from globalization?

(A) It reduces people's salaries.

**(C)** It improves the quality of people's lives.

41. What does the word "advocates" refer to? (A) supporters (B) opponents

© enemies

**B** It puts people to work.

**B** get out of globalization

D put out of business

**D** intruders

- 42. In the passage, what does the phrase "crowded out" refer to? (A) find out a solution
  - **©** bring out the best in people

43. What is the conclusion for this passage?

A Globalization is beneficial for developing countries.

- B Globalization should take everyone's interest into consideration.
- © Globalization is bad for developing countries.
- D Globalization will fail.

#### Passage 3

What used to be thought of as prestigious is now being considered as a toxic asset. Student loan debt is soaring as the rising generation is diving head first into an era where young adults are unable to save and invest their money. This isn't only taking a toll on their personal lives, but it is causing long-term harm to America's economy.

Student debt is climbing every year. This is limiting graduates' income and holding them back from buying a home, a car, and even from getting married. A report issued by John Burns estimates that the heavy debt is reducing home sales by 8 percent. In fact, every \$250 paid towards student loan debt reduces the amount that a consumer can borrow for a mortgage by \$44,000. According to USA Today, a new study from student aid experts, based on government financial data, shows the average debt is now <u>\$33,000</u>. The hole we are digging our graduates in just keeps getting deeper and deeper with very little hope.

44. What does the word "toxic" mean?

(A) harmful (B) indifferent

C tasteful

**D** functioning

- 45. According to the report, which is true?
  - A The reporter encourages students in America to apply for tuition loan.
  - B Student loan debt helps boom American economy.
  - © Fewer students involve loan debts in Europe.
  - D Student loan debt causes long term harm to America's economy.

## 105 學年度私立醫學校院聯合招考轉學生考試

### 英文科試題

46. According to the report, most students with loan debt are held back from					
(A) entering a private company	(B) searching for a job				
© buying a home	D getting divorced				

47. According to the report, a lot of young adults are not able to save money because \_\_\_\_\_.

(A) they like to go to expensive restaurants

© they still need to go to graduate programs

B they have to pay back student loans

(D) they need to support their families

Passage 4

Modern technology has changed our everyday life drastically. For example, with the advance of internet technology, written communications are conducted in electronic form and the delivery time is no more than a few seconds, even from one country to another.

Computer technology has also made it possible to run a house electronically. From turning lights on and off on a regular schedule to starting the coffee and cooking the hot cereal, computers are taking care of people at home. Many modern machines (e.g., kitchen appliances) contain computer chips that allow their owners to program them. For instance, you can "instruct" a microwave oven how to cook a certain dish. You can program your electric or gas range, dishwasher, washing machine and dryer, etc., to "do the housework" on their own. Most entertainment equipment operates with computer technology too: some examples are radios, television sets, VCRs (i.e., videocassette recorders), which can be set up electronically to go on and off, go to certain channels or stations, record specific programs at certain times, and so on. Computers can even start cars automatically so that on cold winter mornings you can get into a warmed-up vehicle and drive off. And of course, the typical U.S. family has a microcomputer (a computer that fits on a table or desk) in their home, which they use for everything from keeping household records and writing letters to playing computer games.

Although much of the technology in our everyday lives has positive effects, there are some uses that raise controversial issues and questions. For example, are interactive media (i.e., a combination of television, telephone and computer) going to control minds, destroy privacy, and cause people to forget about family life and personal relationships? What effects will the genetic engineering of foods (e.g., changing the gene structure of fruits and vegetables) have on people's health? High-tech medical treatments (organ transplants, changing the gene structure, etc.) can increase the longevity of individuals, but can they improve the health and happiness of human beings in general? Only time will tell, but in the meantime, science and technology will continue to move forward.

48. These paragraphs would most likely appear in \_\_\_\_\_.(A) a novel(B) a technology textbook

© a science fiction

D a poem

49. What is the overall message of these paragraphs?

- A Longevity is the ultimate goal of technology.
- B Convenience is the ultimate goal of technology.
- © Technology will continue to influence our everyday life.
- D In general, technology has negative effects on people's life styles.
- 50. What would be the best title for these paragraphs?
  - A How to prevent abuses of modern technology B How to run
    - © Written communications and modern technology
- B How to run a house electronically
- D Technology and everyday life

105 學年度私立醫學校院聯合招考轉學生考試

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
В	D	D	В	В	Α	D	Α	С	Α
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
С	Α	Α	В	D	В	Α	В	В	С
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
В	D	Α	D	Α	В	С	D	С	Α
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
D	С	В	Α	D	С	Α	D	С	С
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
Α	D	В	А	D	С	В	В	С	D

英文科答案