

4. Even though the hotel furnishings were quite sumptuous, the décor did not make up for the fact the hotel had not been properly cleaned.

(A) avant-garde (B) charismatic (C) **lavish**(P.196, 14) (D) radical (E) tranquil

命中：字彙講義第二回 P.196

14. **lavish** [lævɪʃ] *adj.* 慷慨的；奢侈的；大量的
She is **lavish** in her gifts. (她送禮很大方)

15. **layer** [leɪə] *n.* 層；鋪設者
Having been deserted for months, there is a **layer** of dust on the furniture in the house. (被棄置數月，房子裡的傢俱上有一層灰)

Debbie's English 196

5. The various parts of the universe are mobile, but the universe itself as a whole is immobile(P.214, 66).

(A) moving (B) contained (C) motionless (D) indifferent (E) immaterial

命中：字彙講義第二回 P.214

66. **mobile** [móʊbl̩] *adj.* 機動的
mobility [móʊbɪlətɪ] *n.* 移動性；善變
mobilize [móʊbəlaɪz] *v.* 動員；集結
A specially equipped car makes a handicapped person more **mobile**.
(有特殊裝備的車子使殘障者便於行動)
The army is in need of more vehicles to increase its **mobility**.
(這部隊需要更多的車輛來提高行動力)

67. **moderate** [mádərɪt] *adj.* 中庸的；適度的
moderation [mádərəʃən] *n.* 中庸；適度
What the elderly people need is _____ exercise, not those sports requiring great physical effort.
A) desperate B) considerate C) moderate D) separate

68. **modern** [mádən] *adj.* 近代的；新式的
modernize [mádən, aɪz] *v.* 現代化
Television is a **modern** invention. (電視是近代的發明物)
The government tries to **modernize** the country.

Debbie's English 214

107 高醫《英文》命中事實

7. Miuccia Prada, who creates trends out of unlikely garments and accessories, has provoked and influenced colleagues for years with her **eccentric** (P.114, 4) and highly personal sensibility.

(A) accustomed (B) conventional (C) disymmetric (D) idiosyncratic (E) extraverted

命中：字彙講義第二回 P.114

4. **eccentric** [ɪksɛntrɪk] *adj.* 古怪的；反常的
eccentricity [ɛksɛntrɪsɪtɪ] *n.* 古怪；奇特
My brother is considered **eccentric** because he has many **eccentricities**.
(我弟弟被認為很古怪，因為他有很多怪癖)

5. **economy** [ɪkənəmi] *n.* 經濟；經濟制度
economics [ɪkənəmɪks] *n.* 經濟學
economic [ɪkənəmɪk] *adj.* 經濟上的
economical [ɪkənəmɪkəl] *adj.* 節省的；實惠的
Can you realize the government's **economic** policy?
(你了解政府的經濟政策嗎?)
The machine is **economical** of fuel. (這機器很節省燃料)

6. **edit** [édɪt] *v.* 編輯
editor [édɪtə] *n.* 編輯
edition [ədɪʃən] *n.* 版本

Debbie's English 114

9. Rescue crews are again on standby today as bad weather continues to **hamper**(p158, 5) the Fox Glacier helicopter crash recovery operation.

(A) cease (B) disguise (C) further (D) **impede**(p171, 21) (E) render

命中：字彙講義第二回 P.158/P.171

5. **hamper** [hæmpə] *v.* 阻礙；妨礙；
Drenching rain and seemingly bottomless mud _____ the work of the road construction crew. (高醫)
A) improvise B) flaunted C) designated D) perused
E) hampered

6. **handicap** [hændɪkæp] (1) *v.* 殘障 (2) *n.* 殘障
handicapped [hændɪkæpt] *adj.* 殘障的
Our government should take more care of the **handicapped**.
(我們的政府應該多照顧殘障人士)

7. **handkerchief** [hæŋkətʃɪf] *n.* 手帕
She blew her nose in her **handkerchief**.

Debbie's English 158

21. **impede** [ɪmˈpiːd] v. 阻止

Computer games act as narcotics on children--- mesmerizing them, stunting their ability to think, and displacing such wholesome activities as book reading and family discussion.(高醫)

A) prohibiting B) impeding C) expediting D) compelling

Debbie's English 171

10. Genetic engineering is a controversial issue, the ramifications (p268, 5) of which are far-reaching.

(A) compassions (B) commotions (C) consequences (D) contretemps (E) consciences

命中：字彙講義第二回 P.268

5. **ramification** [reməˈfɛkəʃən] n. 分支；分派

6. **random** [ˈrændəm] adj. 隨機的

Don't speak at *random*. (別信口開河)

7. **range** [rɛndʒ] n. 連續；範圍

8. **rare** [rɛr] adj. 稀少的

rarely [rɛr] adv. 幾乎不

Although he is a chef, Roberto rarely cooks his own meals.

Debbie's English 268

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107 高醫《英文》命中事實

13. A deadly storm that hammered the Northeast with relentless rain, snow and powerful wind slowly moved away, but its effects will _____ for days. (A) affirm (B) bustle (C) herald (D) linger(p199, 30) (E) syndicate(p330, 225)

命中：字彙講義第二回 P.199

30. **linger** [ˈlɪŋgə] v. 流連；持續逗留；慢慢消失；苟延殘喘
The old man lingered several months after the heart attack.
(老人在心臟病發後苟延殘喘了數月才過世)

31. **link** [lɪŋk] (1) n. 環；節 (2) v. 連結
Doctors say that there is a *link* between smoking and lung cancer.
(醫生說抽煙和肺癌間有關聯)
The welfare of the whole nation is closely *linked* with industry.
(全民福利和工業密切相關)

32. **liquid** [ˈlɪkwɪd] n. 液體
liquor [ˈlɪkə] n. 酒
The patient could only consume *liquids*. (這病人只能吃流質食物)

Debbie's English 199

14. Mr. Zuma, the former president of South Africa, had ignored the court ruling against him for years. He was _____ until the end of his presidency. (A) bulky (B) defiant(p93, 28 defy→defiant) (C) vertical (D) lenient (E) sensuous

命中：字彙講義第二回 P.93

28. **defy** [dɪˈfaɪ] v. 公然反抗；向...挑戰

29. **delete** [dɪˈlɪt] v. 刪除
deletion [dɪˈlɪʃən] n. 刪除
Several words were *deleted* from the letter. (信中有些字被刪除)

30. **deliberate** [dɪˈlɪbərɪt] (1) v. 深思熟慮 (2) *adj.* 審慎的
deliberation [dɪˈlɪkəreɪʃən] n. 深思熟慮
He is *deliberate* in speaking. (他說話謹慎)
He *deliberated* whether to buy a new car. (他謹慎考慮是否要買新車)

31. **delicate** [dɪˈlɪkət] *adj.* 精緻的；易受傷的

Debbie's English 93

17. Because Marco has always had a tendency to _____ the truth, no one believed he had been mugged.
(A) divulge (B) embellish(p118, 25) (C) impart (D) proclaim (E) unravel

命中：字彙講義第二回 P.118

25. **embellish** [ɪm`belɪʃ] v. 美化；裝飾
embellishment [ɪm`belɪʃmənt] n. 裝飾；裝飾品
26. **embezzle** [ɪm`bezl!] v. 侵占；盜用
embezzlement [ɪm`bezlmənt] n. 侵占；盜用
The clerk was arrested on a charge that he **embezzled** a million dollars from the public funds. (中醫)
A) misappropriated B) miscalculated C) lost D) forfeited
E) embellished
27. **embrace** [ɪmbrés] v. 擁抱；採用；包含
Many subjects are **embraced** in an encyclopedia.
(百科全書中包含許多科目/主題)
28. **emerge** [ɪmɛdʒ] v. 浮上來
emergence [ɪmɛdʒəns] n. 浮現
emergent [ɪmɛdʒənt] adj. 緊急的

Debbie's English 118

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20. Robin Williams, who elevated improvisation to an art form and demonstrated a rare flexibility in more serious roles, was a _____ actor in Hollywood.
(A) monotonous (B) combustible (C) venomous (D) toneless (E) versatile(p356, 19)

命中：字彙講義第二回 P.356

19. **versatile** [ˈvɜːsətl̩] *adj.* 多才多藝的；多功能的
versatility [ˌvɜːsəˈtɪləti] *n.* 多才多藝；多功能

20. **vibrate** [ˈvaɪbrət] *v.* 震動
vibration [vaɪbréʃən] *n.* 震動
The house **vibrates** when a train passes. (火車經過時，屋子會震動)
There is so much **vibration** on a ship that one cannot write.
(船上的震動大，使人無法書寫)

21. **vice** [vaɪs] *n.* 惡行
vicious [vɪʃəs] *adj.* 惡性的
Greed is a terrible **vice**, which corrupts men and women alike.
(貪婪是可怕的惡行，無論男女都會被腐蝕)
Poor education causes poverty, which in turn causes crime.
We must break this **vicious** cycle.
(教育不足導致貧窮，貧窮又導致犯罪我們必須打破這個惡性循環)

22. **victim** [ˈvɪktɪm] *n.* 犧牲品；罹難者
An old man was made a **victim** of the defective design of the bridge. (一位老先生成為橋樑不良設計的犧牲品)

23. **victor** [ˈvɪktə] *n.* 征服者
victory [ˈvɪktəri] *n.* 勝利 (= triumph)
victorious [vɪktóriəs] *adj.* 勝利的 (= triumphant)
The **victors** held a party to celebrate.
(勝利者舉行了一個宴會來慶祝)
We celebrated our **victory**. (我們慶祝勝利)
The **victorious** team gained the reward. (勝利的一隊贏得了獎品)